Total number of printed pages-4

34 (2) PAHT/MICR 2-1

2017

PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY

Full Marks: 40+40=80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

PATHOLOGY

- . Answer any one out of two:
 - (a) Define inflammation. Mention sign of inflammation, its classification, pathology of Acute Inflammation.
 - (b) Define Shock with its classification, Etiology and Pathogenesis.

Contd.

2.	Answer	all	of	the	following	:	
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5×4

- (a) Pathology of Bronchiectasis.
- (b) Difference between Primary and Secondary healing of wound.
- (c) Define Necrosis and mention its different types.
- (d) Define Amyloidosis.

3. Answer all briefly:

2×5

- (a) Mention complication of Diabetes Mellitus.
- (b) What is chronic liver abscess?
- (c) What do you mean by Microcytic Hypochromic Anaemia?
- (d) Define Status Asthmaticus.
- (e) Primary prevention of HIV.

2

MICROBIOLOGY

1. Answer any one:

10

(a) Discuss morphology, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis and treatment of clostridium.

Or

- (b) What is immunoglobulin? Discuss its structure and classification.
- 2. Answer any four of the following:

5×4=20

- (a) Discuss various factors affecting bacterial growth.
- (b) Discuss lab diagnosis of virus.
- (c) Write the mechanism of type I hypersensitivity.
- (d) Classify mycoses and write two points for each with a suitable example.
- (e) Illustrate malarial parasite life cycle with a special reference to its pathogenesis in human.

3

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Contd.

- 3. Answer **all** of the following: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) Name the causative agents of
 - (i) Cryptococcosis
 - (ii) Syphilis.
 - (b) What is Zoonosis? Give two examples.
 - (c) Write two important properties of antigen.
 - (d) What is primary lymphoid organ?

 Name the primary lymphoid organs in human body along with their functions.
 - (e) Write two methods for laboratory diagnosis of virus.