. Total number of printed pages-9

34 (1) HPHY 1.2

2022 (Held in 2023)

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer any two of the following:

10×2=20

- (a) Define Anemia. Discuss the clinical classifications and sign and symptoms of it.
- (b) Define Synapse with proper diagram. Explain the properties of synapse.
- (c) Define Menstrual cycle. Discuss about various changes during menstrual cycle.

Contd.

2. Answer any ten of the following:

5×10=50

- (a) Write the functions of Bile.
- (b) Define hypoxia. Explain its types.
- (c) Discuss ascending tracts of spinal cord.
- (d) What is immunity? Discuss its types.
- (e) Discuss sarcomere.
- (f) Discuss GFR and factors affecting GFR.
- (g) Write about growth hormones.
- (h) Define arterial blood pressure. Discuss about the heart sounds.
- (i) Explain Neuromuscular-junction.
- (j) What is Reflex? Discuss superfial and deep reflexes.
- (k) Define coagulation. Enumerate the factors involved in blood coagulation.
- (1) Discuss the structure of Neuron.
- 3. Answer any five of the following: 2×5=10
 - (a) CSF
 - (b) Jaundice

- (c) Juxtaglomerular apparatus
- (d) Diabetes mallitus
- (e) Hypertension and its types
- (f) Blood-brain-barrier
- (a) Define shock and its types
- (h) Infertility
- 4. Choose the correct answer:

1×20=20

- (a) Which is the commonest type of synapse in CNS?
 - (i) Axosomatic synapse
 - (ii) Axodendritic synapse
 - (iii) Axoaxonal synapse
 - (iv) All of the above
- (b) TSH secretion is inhibited by
 - (i) Dopamine
 - (ii) Somatostatin
 - (iii) T₃ and T₄
 - (iv) TRH

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Contd.

(c)	Hypocapnia	is	usually	due	to
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- (i) Hypoxemia
- (ii) Alkalosis
- (iii) Decreased CO2 production
- (iv) Alveolar hyperventilation

(d) The term filtration fraction is used to refer

- (i) RPF/GFR
- (ii) GFR/RPF
- (iii) RPF × GFR
- (iv) GFR RPF

(e) Lung compliance is increased in

- (i) Pulmonary emphysema
- (ii) Pulmonary fibrosis
- (iii) Surfactant deficiency
- (iv) Acute pulmonary edema

(f) The hormone of energy storage is

- (i) Growth hormone
- (ii) Thyroxine
- (iii) Insulin
- (iv) Glucagon

(g) The muscle spindle is not innervated by

- (i) Aa fibre
- (ii) Ay fibers
- (iii) Ia fibre
- (iv) II fibre

(h) The gate theory of pain was proposed by

- (i) Cannon and Bard
- (ii) Charles Sherrington
- (iii) Wall and Melzack
- (iv) Weber and Fechner

	(i)	Axo axonal synapse
	(ii)	Axosomatic synapse
	(iii)	Axodendritic synapse
	(iv)	None of the above
<i>(i)</i>	Normal tidal volume is	
	(i)	500 ml
	(ii)	750 ml
	(iii)	800 ml
	(iv)	400 ml
(k)	Normally the thyroid gland secr	
	(i)	CGRP
	(ii)	PTH
	(iii)	TSH
	(iv)	Calcitonin
<i>(1)</i>	Vit-	B ₁₂ is mainly absorbed in the

Terminal ileum

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(ii) Upper jejunum

(iii) Duodenum

(iv) Stomach

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Pre synaptic inhibition occurs at

(i)

not contain (i) Actin (ii) Myosin (iii) Sroponin (iv) Sropomyosin (n) 'Christmas disease' occurs due to deficiency of Factor II Factor V (iii) Factor VIII (iv) Factor IX (o) Most of the iron in the body is present in (i) Hemoglobin Myoglobin (iii) Ferritin (iv) Transferrin

Contd.

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(m) In skeletal muscle, thin filaments do

- (p) Heart rate is slowed by
 - (i) Deep inspiration
 - (ii) Bainbridge reflex
 - (iii) Increased IC tension
 - (iv) Carotid massage
- (q) In Nephron, glucose reabsorption occurs mainly in
 - (i) Proximal tubule
 - (ii) Loop of henle
 - (iii) Destal convoluted tubule
 - (iv) Collecting duct
- (r) The SI unit of pressure is
 - (i) mmHg
 - (ii) CmH₂O
 - (iii) Pascal
 - (iv) Torr

- (s) The light reflex is integrated in the
 - (i) Midbrain
 - (ii) Frontal eye field
 - (iii) Medulla
 - (iv) Primary visual area
- (t) Sertole cell produce
 - (i) Androgen-Binding protein
 - (ii) Inhibin B
 - (iii) Mullerian inhibiting polypeptide
 - (iv) All of the above