

Total No. of Printed Pages – 3

SS/PBN-I/MN/08-18

2 0 1 8

(August)

MATERNAL NURSING

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following : 5+10=15
- (a) What are the aims and objectives of Antenatal Care?
- (b) Discuss in detail about the Antenatal Assessment and management of pregnant mother during the first trimester.
2. A 28 years old woman with term pregnancy is admitted to the labour room with labour pain. 2+3+3+7=15
- (a) Define labour.
- (b) List the characteristics of true labour pain.
- (c) What are the significance of maintaining partograph during labour.
- (d) Discuss the management of first stage of labour.

Or

(Turn Over)

(2)

- (a) Define normal puerperium.
- (b) What are the normal characteristics of lochia.
- (c) Discuss the assessment and nursing management of mother during post-natal period.

2+3+10=15

3. Discuss the nursing interventions for the following (*any two*) :

$3\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7$

- (a) Active management of third stage of labour.
- (b) Management of normal newborn.
- (c) Breast engorgement.

4. Mrs. Nirmala, a primigravida is brought to the hospital with a history of eclamptic fit at home. Her gestational period is 38 weeks.

2+4+5+4=15

- (a) Define eclampsia.
- (b) Describe the signs and symptoms of eclampsia.
- (c) Explain the obstetrical and the nursing management of the mother till her delivery.
- (d) List the complications to the mother and the child that is likely to occur.

5. Define caesarian section. Enumerate the indications of caesarean section. List down the maternal complications of caesarean section. Describe the responsibilities of a nurse in caring the mother and the child after caesarean section.

2+3+4+6=15

Or

Define placenta previa. Explain the types of placenta previa. Describe the management of an antenatal mother with placenta previa.

2+5+8=15

Continued

(3)

6. Write short notes on (*any two*) :

4×2=8

- (a) High risk pregnancy
- (b) MTP Act
- (c) Oxytocin
- (d) Asphyxia neonatarum
- (e) Obstetric forceps.

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